

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

## IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930

FIN-Window Nova-line PVC-PVC single-sash, triple glazing 1230 mm x 1480 mm  
( $U_w$  0.78 W/m<sup>2</sup>K)

Finstral SpA



**EPD HUB, HUB-0980**

Publishing 22.12.2023, last updated 22.12.2023, valid until 22.12.2028.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer	Finstral SpA
Address	Gastererweg 1, 39054 Unterinn (Ritten)
Contact details	finstral@finstral.com
Website	<a href="https://www.finstral.com/">https://www.finstral.com/</a>

### EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE AND VERIFICATION

Program operator	EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com
Reference standard	EN 15804+A2:2019 and ISO 14025
PCR	EPD Hub Core PCR version 1.0, 1 Feb 2022 EN 17213 Windows and doors
Sector	Construction product
Category of EPD	Third party verified EPD
Scope of the EPD	Cradle to gate with options, A4-A5, and modules C1-C4, D
EPD author	Katrien Romagnoli and Andreas Franzelin, Finstral
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: <input type="checkbox"/> Internal certification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External verification
EPD verifier	Silvia Vilčeková, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited

The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

### PRODUCT

Product name	FIN-Window Nova-line PVC-PVC single-sash, triple glazing 1230 mm x 1480 mm ( $U_w$ 0.78 W/m <sup>2</sup> K)
Additional labels	The products have a declaration of performance (DoP) according to the CPR /Construction Products Regulation/ (EU) No. 305/2011 compliant with the harmonized product standard /EN 14351-1/ and the CE marking. The IGU is compliant with the harmonized product standard /EN 1279-5/.
Place of production	Italy and Germany
Period for data	2021
Averaging in EPD	Multiple factories
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	-7, +10 %

## ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY

<b>Declared unit</b>	The declared unit uses the dimensions of 1m by 1m of one triple-glazed window with a standard size of 1.23 m x 1.48 m (reference window in accordance with /EN 14351-1/). The frame portion FF (frame fraction) in relation of the overall area of 1,82 m <sup>2</sup> is 26 %.
<b>Declared unit mass</b>	37.82 kg
<b>GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO<sub>2</sub>e)</b>	67.5
<b>GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO<sub>2</sub>e)</b>	67.6
<b>Secondary material, inputs (%)</b>	17.5
<b>Secondary material, outputs (%)</b>	87.2
<b>Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)</b>	291.0
<b>Total water use, A1-A3 (m<sup>3</sup>e)</b>	445

## PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

### ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

Window- and door manufacturer (PVC, PVC-Aluminium, PVC-Wood, PVC-Aluminium-Wood). At Finstral, we do everything ourselves. Only those who think a product through from beginning to end can continue to ensure its full development – this idea has underpinned our thoughts and actions for the last 50 years. That is why we offer everything from a single source, from the development of profiles and in-house production right through to finished installation. This allows us to offer individual solutions and maximum design freedom for all of our windows, entry doors and conservatories. Only in one regard will we brook no compromise: with our high-quality, perfectly insulating PVC cores.

### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

single-sash tilt & turn window with the dimensions of 1.23 m x 1.48 m and with insulated triple-glazing, aluminium cover on the outside of white or coloured PVC-U window frame profiles with textured or smooth surfaces, co-extruded PVC-P gaskets, EPDM-gaskets, steel-reinforcement and steel hardware.

The PVC-profiles contain 20% recycled post-industrial PVC.

Thermal transmittance of the window  $U_W$  according to /EN ISO 10077-1/ 0,78 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K) [\*]

Triple glazing IGU pane composition: 4/14/4/14/4 mm

Thermal transmittance of glass  $U_g$  according to /EN 673/ 0,6 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K)

Total energy transmittance  $g$  according to /EN 410/ 0,60

Water tightness according to /EN 1027/, /EN 12208/: class 9A [\*]

Air permeability according to /EN 1026/, /EN 12207/: class: 4 [\*]

Resistance, mechanical durability according to /EN 1191/, /EN 12400/: 10.000 cycles [\*]

[\*] average FIN-Window

The products have a declaration of performance (DoP) according to the CPR /Construction Products Regulation/ (EU) No. 305/2011 compliant with the harmonized product standard /EN 14351-1/ and the CE marking. The IGU is compliant with the harmonized product standard /EN 1279-5/.

Further information can be found at <https://www.finstral.com/>.

### PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

Raw material category	Amount, mass- %	Material origin
Metals	8	EU
Minerals	77	EU
Fossil materials	9	EU

### BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C -

Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C 0.1331

### FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE

Declared unit	The declared unit uses the dimensions of 1m by 1m of one triple-glazed window with a standard size of 1.23 m x 1.48 m (reference window in accordance with /EN 14351-1/). The frame portion FF (frame fraction) in relation of the overall area of 1,82 m <sup>2</sup> is 26 %.
Mass per declared unit	37.82 kg
Functional unit	One triple-glazed window of 1.23 m x 1.48 m (reference window in accordance with /EN 14351-1/), with a reference service life of 30 years. The frame portion FF (frame fraction) in relation of the overall area of 1,82 m <sup>2</sup> is 26 %.
Reference service life	30

### SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).

# PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

## SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

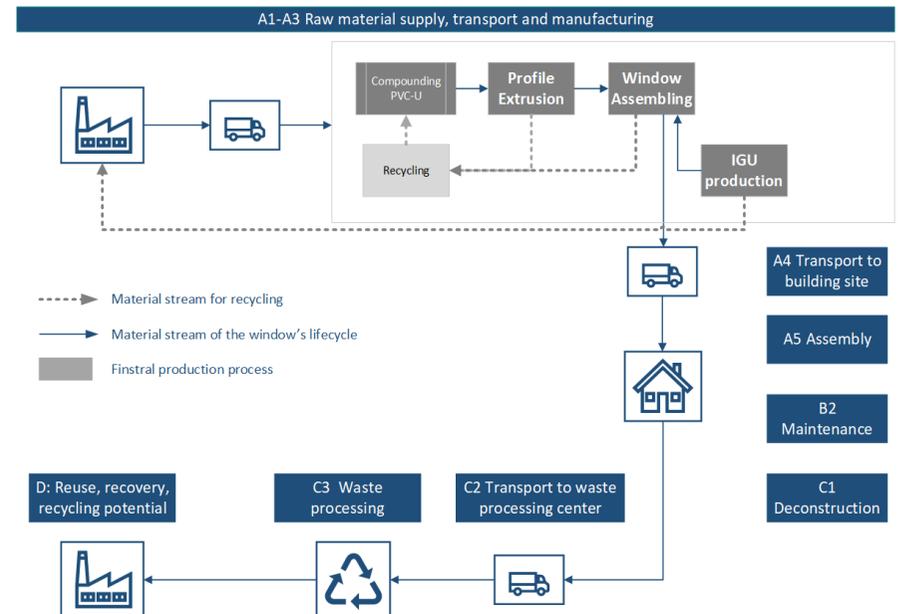
Product stage			Assembly stage		Use stage							End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries		
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
x	x	x	x	x	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	x	x	x	x	x		
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstr./demol.	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recovery	Recycling

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR.

## MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

The production takes place at multiple sites in two different countries (Brixen (IT), Verona (IT), Gochsheim (DE), Scurelle (IT), Ritten (IT) and Kurtatsch (IT)). As described in the process flow chart below, there are 3 main production stages: PVC profile extrusion, Insulated Glass Unit (IGU) production and window assembling. Different production stages may occur at the same location. To account for this complexity, a production volume based weighted average is used for the inputs and outputs from the plants within the same production stage.



This figure shows the input of primary and secondary materials for the manufacturing of a PVC-window. The production process comprises the assembling of the semi-finished parts “profile” and “IGU (Insulating Glass Unit)”, both produced in the corresponding facilities “Profile Extrusion” and “IGU production”. The materials are transported to the production facilities, where Finstral controls the following activities along the Declared Unit’s value-chain. In the “Profile Extrusion” facilities the input materials PVC, chalk, stabilizers, TiO<sub>2</sub> and modifier are mixed (also referred to as “compounding PVC-U”) with recycled PVC (rPVC). This recycled material is pre-consumer waste coming from the internal production facilities and processed in a zero-waste closed loop. In the next production process step, the decorative foils and gaskets are coextruded and protection film is applied in order to obtain the semi-finished PVC-Profile. In the “IGU production” facilities the input materials float glass, spacer, desiccant, argon, primary and secondary seal are assembled to an IGU. For the “Window Assembling”, secondary materials such as steel reinforcement as

well as hardware and gasket are added to the profile as well as glazing blocks for the installation of the IGU in the window.

The manufacturing process requires electricity for the use of different equipment as well as fuel for heating purposes. The finished windows are packaged together with the handle, which is only assembled at the construction site, onto a reusable carrell (which returns back to the facility), separated with foam pads, attached with plastic bands and supported by a minimal piece of wood to avoid transportation damages in the delivery to the building site or distributor for “Window Installation into the end consumer’s façade.

#### **TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)**

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

The transportation distance is defined by taking the average of all distances based on primary data (50.000 datapoints for 1 year) of production site, intermediate stops and final destination, which is 724 km. Thereby, a higher distance is considered than defined in the PCR. Empty returns are taken into account, leading to a total average distance of 1267 km. Transportation does not cause losses as product are packaged properly.

Installation includes the energy and material consumption as well as the packaging waste generated. There is no loss of material during construction activities. The window products in this EPD do not require further surface treatment at the building site. Therefore, there are only 2 items left in this module,

- 1) Energy use during installation. This varies depending on the floor, type of building and several other unknown parameters, and therefore ignored in the calculation.
- 2) Waste treatment of packaging waste as well as Biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> released

from the protective wood support has also been included in module A5.

#### **PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7):**

Maintenance includes the cleaning of the window on annual basis with water and detergent. No other surface treatment, nor paint, is needed.

According to manufacturer data, the product has a Reference Service Life (RSL) of 30 years. No systematic replacement of IGU, hardware or gaskets are needed to keep the product functional over the entire lifetime. It is recommended to annually apply lubricant oil drops to the hardware and clean gaskets with a wiping cloth.

#### **PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)**

This EPD does not cover the use phase.

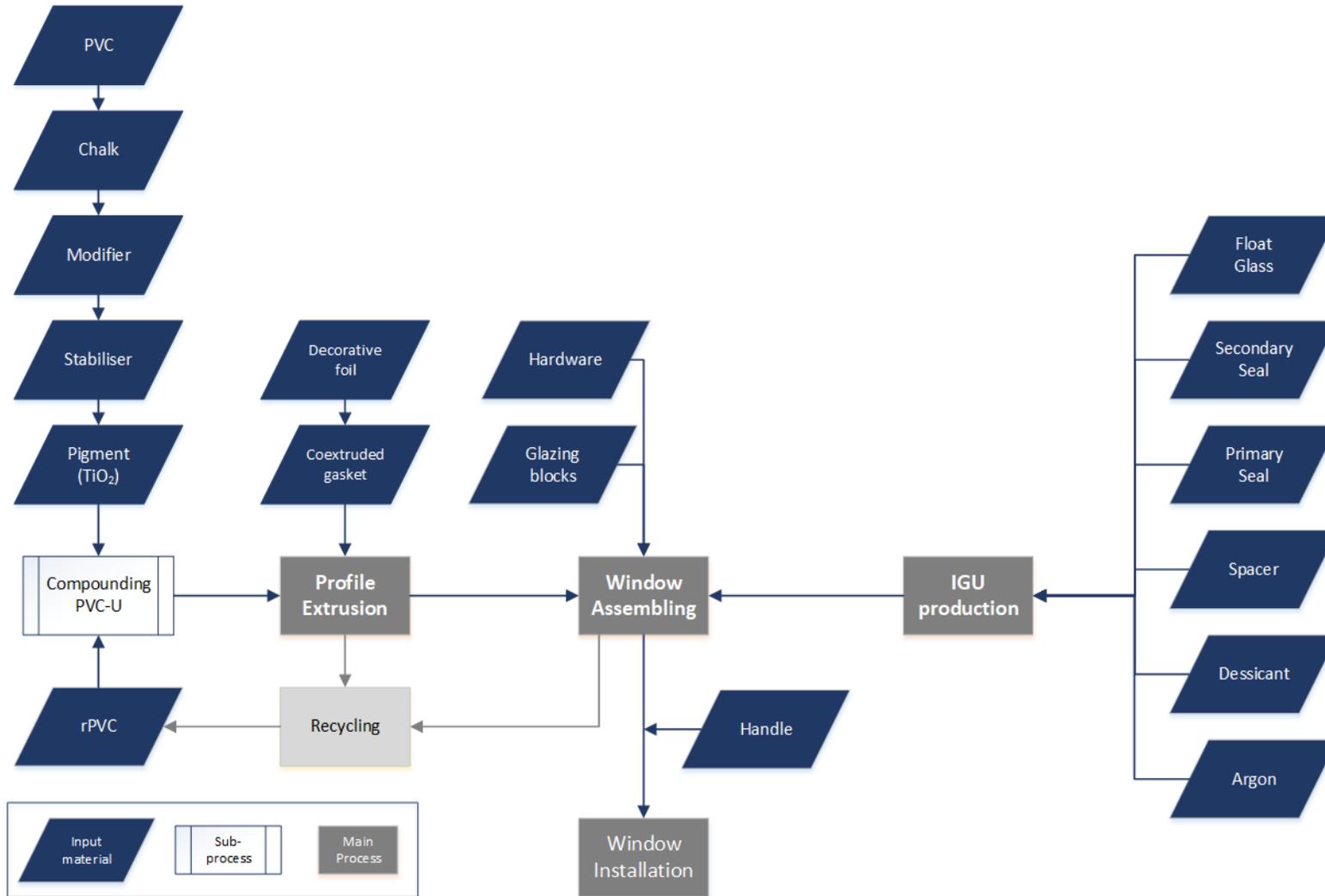
Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

#### **PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)**

Consumption of energy and natural resources in demolition process is assumed to be negligible. The waste is collected as mixed construction waste and transported to the waste treatment center. Transportation distance to treatment is assumed to be 50 km on average by lorry (C2). The PVC, glass, metal and residual materials are sorted as accounted for in module C3. As well as the accounts for energy and resource inputs for treating these waste streams through recycling and incineration with energy recovery.

In North-Eastern Italy, where Finstral directly brings the EoL-windows to the waste processing company, 100% of PVC, glass and metal waste is recycled, whereas 35% of residual materials and 100% of wood used for transport and residue materials are incinerated with energy recovery. No waste goes to landfill. The benefits and loads of incineration and recycling are included in Module D.

# MANUFACTURING PROCESS



# LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

## CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the reference standard and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

## ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. All allocations are done as per the reference standards and the applied PCR. In this study, allocation has been done in the following ways:

Data type	Allocation
Raw materials	No allocation
Packaging materials	No allocation
Ancillary materials	No allocation
Manufacturing energy and waste	Allocated by mass (energy), No allocation (waste)

## AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY

Type of average	Multiple factories
Averaging method	Not applicable
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	-7, +10 %

Primary data is used from the manufacturing sites for Assembling: Brixen (IT), Verona (IT), Gochsheim (DE), Scurelle (IT); Extrusion: Ritten (IT) and Kurtatsch (IT) and IGU-production: Verona (IT), Gochsheim (DE), Scurelle (IT). The primary data was averaged for all sites of the same production process (extrusion, IGU or assembling) by calculating a weighted average of the sites' consumption of water and energy, and production of waste and emissions. This calculation was based on production volume in mass percent (%m).

## LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. Ecoinvent and One Click LCA databases were used as sources of environmental data.

# ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

## CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP – total <sup>1)</sup>	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	6,22E+01	1,38E+00	4,11E+00	6,76E+01	4,39E+00	6,09E-01	MND	8,35E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,09E-01	4,12E+00	0,00E+00	-2,58E+01
GWP – fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	6,15E+01	1,38E+00	4,68E+00	6,75E+01	4,39E+00	1,19E-01	MND	8,13E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,09E-01	4,13E+00	0,00E+00	-2,61E+01
GWP – biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	6,44E-01	1,00E-03	-5,73E-01	7,13E-02	3,19E-03	4,90E-01	MND	2,13E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,66E-04	-9,59E-03	0,00E+00	3,97E-01
GWP – LULUC	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	5,28E-02	4,16E-04	1,64E-03	5,48E-02	1,32E-03	5,96E-06	MND	5,15E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,12E-04	2,11E-03	0,00E+00	-8,73E-03
Ozone depletion pot.	kg CFC-11e	1,39E-05	3,25E-07	4,22E-07	1,46E-05	1,03E-06	6,29E-10	MND	8,80E-07	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	7,03E-08	2,81E-07	0,00E+00	-3,28E-06
Acidification potential	mol H <sup>+</sup> e	3,09E-01	5,80E-03	1,92E-02	3,34E-01	1,84E-02	3,39E-05	MND	6,20E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,87E-04	1,11E-02	0,00E+00	-2,74E-01
EP-freshwater <sup>2)</sup>	kg Pe	1,13E-03	1,12E-05	1,21E-04	1,26E-03	3,57E-05	2,69E-07	MND	1,18E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	2,63E-06	6,48E-05	0,00E+00	-5,99E-04
EP-marine	kg Ne	6,38E-02	1,75E-03	3,55E-03	6,91E-02	5,56E-03	1,06E-05	MND	2,79E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,76E-04	3,02E-03	0,00E+00	-4,20E-02
EP-terrestrial	mol Ne	7,60E-01	1,93E-02	3,68E-02	8,17E-01	6,14E-02	1,18E-04	MND	1,06E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,96E-03	3,31E-02	0,00E+00	-5,16E-01
POCP (“smog”) <sup>3)</sup>	kg NMVOCe	1,96E-01	6,21E-03	1,17E-02	2,14E-01	1,97E-02	3,03E-05	MND	3,95E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	7,53E-04	1,07E-02	0,00E+00	-1,25E-01
ADP-minerals & metals <sup>4)</sup>	kg Sbe	6,99E-02	2,49E-05	3,29E-05	6,99E-02	7,49E-05	5,05E-08	MND	2,56E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,52E-06	4,46E-05	0,00E+00	-9,35E-04
ADP-fossil resources	MJ	6,67E+02	2,27E+01	7,03E+01	7,60E+02	6,83E+01	7,99E-02	MND	2,52E+02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	4,67E+00	3,63E+01	0,00E+00	-2,22E+02
Water use <sup>5)</sup>	m <sup>3</sup> e depr.	5,52E+01	8,00E-02	1,36E+01	6,90E+01	2,54E-01	8,92E-04	MND	-1,22E+01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,53E-02	8,92E-01	0,00E+00	-7,58E+00

1) GWP = Global Warming Potential; 2) EP = Eutrophication potential. Required characterisation method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO4e; 3) POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; 4) ADP = Abiotic depletion potential; 5) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

## USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Renew. PER as energy <sup>8)</sup>	MJ	9,05E+01	2,71E-01	4,67E+01	1,37E+02	8,59E-01	8,52E-03	MND	5,83E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	6,69E-02	1,86E+00	0,00E+00	-1,81E+01
Renew. PER as material	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,08E+00	5,08E+00	0,00E+00	-5,17E+00	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,17E+00
Total use of renew. PER	MJ	9,05E+01	2,71E-01	5,18E+01	1,43E+02	8,59E-01	-5,16E+00	MND	5,83E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	6,69E-02	1,86E+00	0,00E+00	-1,29E+01
Non-re. PER as energy	MJ	8,25E+02	2,15E+01	6,50E+01	9,12E+02	6,83E+01	7,99E-02	MND	2,52E+02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	4,67E+00	3,63E+01	0,00E+00	-2,05E+02
Non-re. PER as material	MJ	1,41E+02	0,00E+00	4,96E-01	1,42E+02	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-2,07E+02	0,00E+00	-1,76E+01
Total use of non-re. PER	MJ	9,66E+02	2,15E+01	6,55E+01	1,05E+03	6,83E+01	1,89E+00	MND	2,52E+02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	4,67E+00	-1,70E+02	0,00E+00	-2,22E+02
Secondary materials	kg	6,61E+00	0,00E+00	1,47E-03	6,62E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	5,38E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,45E+01
Renew. secondary fuels	MJ	4,47E-11	0,00E+00	7,01E-07	7,01E-07	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

Non-ren. secondary fuels	MJ	5,25E-10	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,25E-10	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Use of net fresh water	m <sup>3</sup>	4,43E+02	4,48E-03	1,41E+00	4,45E+02	1,42E-02	4,67E-05	MND	1,56E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,07E-04	1,56E-02	0,00E+00	-1,84E-01

8) PER = Primary energy resources.

### END OF LIFE – WASTE

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	2,16E+00	2,09E-02	1,41E-01	2,32E+00	6,63E-02	9,67E-04	MND	6,53E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	4,81E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-5,48E-01
Non-hazardous waste	kg	3,69E+01	2,31E+00	4,99E+00	4,42E+01	7,34E+00	5,06E-02	MND	1,43E+01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,31E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-2,21E+01
Radioactive waste	kg	1,25E-02	1,48E-04	2,00E-04	1,28E-02	4,69E-04	4,78E-07	MND	1,60E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,20E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-1,09E-03

### END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	1,21E-01	0,00E+00	6,71E+00	6,83E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,30E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for energy rec	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,64E-01	1,64E-01	0,00E+00	3,08E-01	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,31E+00	4,31E+00	0,00E+00	1,32E+00	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,12E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – EN 15804+A1, CML / ISO 21930

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Global Warming Pot.	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	3,95E+01	1,45E+00	4,52E+00	4,55E+01	4,35E+00	1,19E-01	MND	7,69E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,06E-01	4,04E+00	0,00E+00	-2,57E+01
Ozone depletion Pot.	kg CFC <sub>11</sub> e	7,30E-06	2,73E-07	3,26E-07	7,90E-06	8,20E-07	5,86E-10	MND	1,11E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	5,59E-08	2,38E-07	0,00E+00	-2,91E-06
Acidification	kg SO <sub>2</sub> e	2,04E-01	2,97E-03	1,55E-02	2,22E-01	8,93E-03	2,44E-05	MND	5,12E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	6,23E-04	9,85E-03	0,00E+00	-7,05E-02
Eutrophication	kg PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3</sup> e	6,28E-02	6,00E-04	4,75E-03	6,81E-02	1,80E-03	1,73E-05	MND	2,38E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,29E-04	8,15E-03	0,00E+00	-1,95E-02
POCP ("smog")	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> e	1,35E-02	1,88E-04	9,65E-04	1,47E-02	5,66E-04	8,03E-07	MND	2,74E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,73E-05	7,33E-04	0,00E+00	-2,72E-03
ADP-elements	kg Sbe	6,99E-02	2,49E-05	3,29E-05	6,99E-02	7,49E-05	5,05E-08	MND	2,56E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,52E-06	4,46E-05	0,00E+00	-9,35E-04
ADP-fossil	MJ	6,67E+02	2,27E+01	7,03E+01	7,60E+02	6,83E+01	7,99E-02	MND	2,52E+02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	4,67E+00	3,63E+01	0,00E+00	-3,23E+02

## VERIFICATION STATEMENT

### VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with reference standard, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The digital background data for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? [Read more online](#)

This EPD has been generated by One Click LCA EPD generator, which has been verified and approved by the EPD Hub.

### THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of the data collected and used in the LCA calculations, the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out, the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and other additional environmental information, as present with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and reference standard.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

Silvia Vilčeková, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited  
22.12.2023

