

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930

Rainwater systems  
Piristeel Oy



**EPD HUB, HUB-2355**

Published on 05.12.2024, last updated on 05.12.2024, valid until 05.12.2029

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer	Piristeel Oy
Address	Metallitie 4, 62200 Kauhava, Finland
Contact details	piristeel@piristeel.fi
Website	<a href="https://piristeel.fi/en/">https://piristeel.fi/en/</a>

### EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE AND VERIFICATION

Program operator	EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com
Reference standard	EN 15804+A2:2019 and ISO 14025
PCR	EPD Hub Core PCR Version 1.1, 5 Dec 2023
Sector	Construction product
Category of EPD	Third party verified EPD
Parent EPD number	-
Scope of the EPD	Cradle to gate with options, A4-A5, and modules C1-C4, D
EPD author	Mira Laukkanen, Ruukki Construction
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: <input type="checkbox"/> Internal verification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External verification
EPD verifier	Imane Uald lamkaddam, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited

The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if

they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

### PRODUCT

Product name	Rainwater systems
Additional labels	Round and rectangular color coated rainwater systems
Product reference	-
Place of production	Kauhava, Finland
Period for data	2022
Averaging in EPD	No averaging
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	- %

### ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY

Declared unit	1 kg
Declared unit mass	1 kg
GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO <sub>2</sub> e)	2,81E+00
GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO <sub>2</sub> e)	2,76E+00
Secondary material, inputs (%)	2.6
Secondary material, outputs (%)	88
Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)	11
Net freshwater use, A1-A3 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0

## PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

### ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

Piristeel is the leading manufacturer of rainwater systems, ladders and roof safety products in Finland. The products manufactured by Piristeel are identified by the Pisko brand. From our range, you can find products for detached houses, apartment buildings and industrial construction. The products are suitable for both new constructions and renovations. Piristeel is a part of Ruukki Construction and its roofing unit. More information about the manufacturer can be found at <https://www.piristeel.com/>.

### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Pisko rainwater systems provide a reliable solution for rainwater management. The wide range of solutions is suitable for all types of buildings, both renovation and new construction. Pisko rainwater systems are available in both round and K-style rectangular versions and rainwater gutters and downpipes are available in different sizes. They are manufactured using high quality steel which combined with weather-resistant coatings, ensures long life and low maintenance even in the most demanding conditions. Pisko rainwater systems are available in all standard roof and façade colors. Further information can be found at <https://www.piristeel.com/>.

### PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

Raw material category	Amount, mass %	Material origin
Metals	98	EU
Minerals	0	-
Fossil materials	2	EU
Bio-based materials	0	-

### BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C	0
Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C	0.0196

### FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE

Declared unit	1 kg
Mass per declared unit	1 kg
Functional unit	-
Reference service life	50 years

### SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).

# PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

## SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

Product stage			Assembly stage		Use stage							End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries		
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
X	X	X	X	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR	X	X	X	X	X		
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction / demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recovery	Recycling

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR

### MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

Rainwater system products are mainly made of color coated hot-dip galvanized steel coils. Steel is an alloy of mainly iron and some carbon, with small amounts of alloying elements. These elements improve the chemical and physical properties of steel such as strength, formability, durability and corrosion resistance. Steel is an excellent raw material choice for rainwater systems, for example due to its high strength against external forces, long-term durability, and fairly limited thermal movement properties. Steel is also 100% recyclable material after the use phase.

The alloying elements of steel are closely linked to its chemical matrix. The density of steel is 7 850 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. The zinc coating quantity for rainwater systems is mainly min. 275 g/m<sup>2</sup> (Z275). Coils used in rainwater system products are coated with coatings from SSAB's GreenCoat® product family.

Manufacturing process of rainwater gutters and downpipes contain slitting line, roll forming and packing. Rainwater system accessories are usually manufactured by pressing and deep drawing. Production methods are developed so that waste is minimized. All waste materials can be recycled.

Rainwater systems that conform to this environmental product declaration are manufactured at Piristeel plant in Kauhava, Finland. Raw materials are transported to the production site mainly by road. A typical package consists of a wooden pallet, plastic wrapping material, and cardboard. Packing material is needed to protect the product during transportation.

### TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

Finished products are transported by truck and sometimes in addition by ferry. Logistics aim to optimize transportation, maximize payloads, and combine transports as efficiently as possible. Environmental impacts from transport of finished product to the building site (A4), have been calculated based on the weighted average of the market shares. Installation (A5) is done with battery powered (rechargeable) hand tools (excluded from calculation under cut-off rule). Electric-powered gutter machines that are used at site are included in calculation.

### **PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)**

Use stage (B) is not taken into account in this EPD. This is because rainwater systems require minimal maintenance during its use.

Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

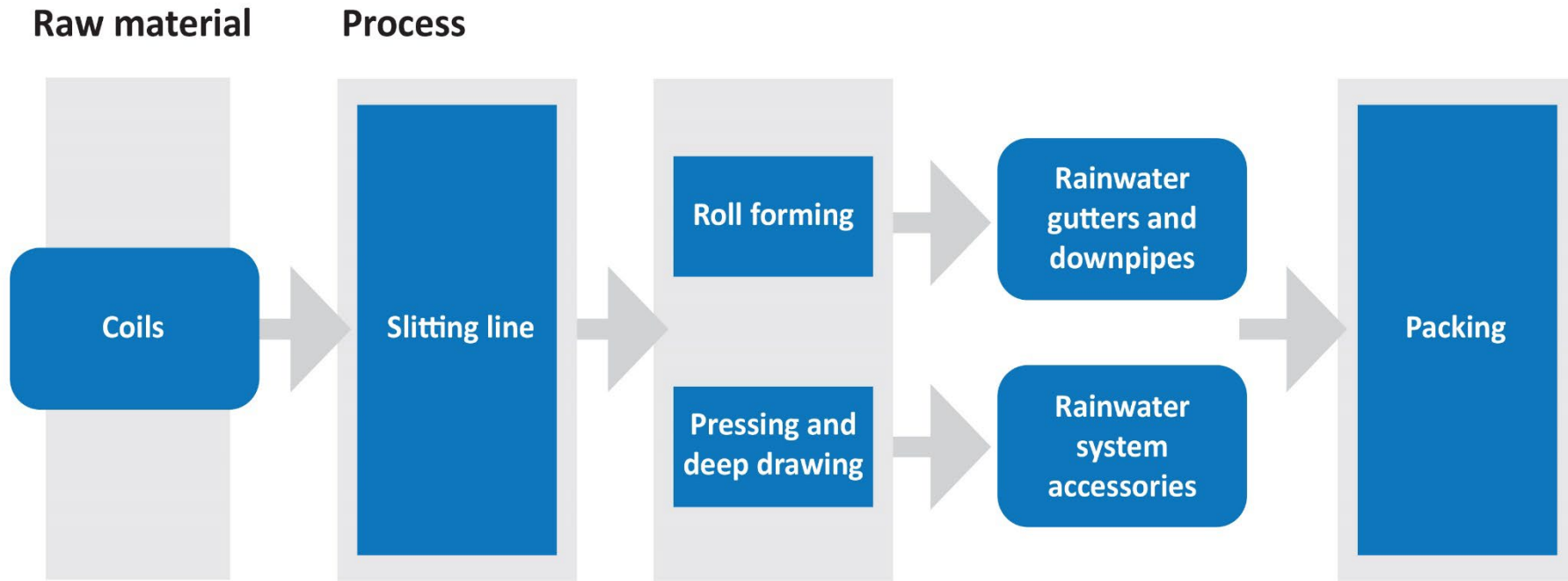
### **PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)**

It is assumed that energy consumption of demolition process (C1) is 0,01 kWh/kg (Bozdag, Ö & Secer, M. 2007.) It is also assumed that the used energy source in C1 is diesel. After dismantling, the waste is transported to waste processing (C2). Transportation distance to waste processing is assumed to be 50 km by truck.

Waste materials are sorted and steel is cycled back to the steel industry by scrap trade. In this EPD, it is assumed that 95% of steel is recycled (C3) and 5% is landfilled (C4) (World Steel Association, 2020). The paint is assumed to be incinerated without energy recovery (C4).

The benefits and loads of recycling and incineration of the product and packaging are included in module D.

# MANUFACTURING PROCESS



## LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

### CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the reference standard and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

### ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. All allocations are done as per the reference standards and the applied PCR. In this study, allocation has been done in the following ways:

Data type	Allocation
Raw materials	No allocation
Packaging material	Allocated by mass or volume
Ancillary materials	Allocated by mass or volume
Manufacturing energy and waste	Allocated by mass or volume

### AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY

Type of average	No averaging
Averaging method	Not applicable
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	- %

This EPD is product and factory specific and does not contain average calculations.

### LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. The EPD Generator uses Ecoinvent v3.8, Plastics Europe, Federal LCA Commons and One Click LCA databases as sources of environmental data.

# ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

## CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP – total <sup>1)</sup>	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	2,71E+00	1,50E-02	2,99E-02	2,76E+00	4,86E-02	8,40E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,31E-03	4,69E-03	1,96E-02	4,33E-02	-1,52E+00
GWP – fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	2,71E+00	1,50E-02	8,61E-02	2,81E+00	4,85E-02	2,76E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,31E-03	4,69E-03	2,04E-02	4,33E-02	-1,57E+00
GWP – biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	8,93E-04	9,27E-08	-5,64E-02	-5,55E-02	0,00E+00	5,64E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-8,48E-04	-4,47E-05	4,34E-02
GWP – LULUC	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	8,90E-04	5,41E-06	1,44E-04	1,04E-03	1,81E-05	5,53E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,30E-07	1,73E-06	2,68E-05	3,59E-07	-5,76E-04
Ozone depletion pot.	kg CFC-11e	1,54E-11	3,58E-09	4,48E-09	8,08E-09	1,11E-08	1,32E-09	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	7,07E-10	1,08E-09	2,53E-09	1,44E-10	-6,37E-08
Acidification potential	mol H <sup>+</sup> e	7,27E-03	6,26E-05	5,09E-04	7,84E-03	2,26E-04	1,36E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,44E-05	1,99E-05	2,59E-04	6,18E-06	-6,96E-03
EP-freshwater <sup>2)</sup>	kg Pe	2,86E-06	1,03E-07	3,52E-06	6,48E-06	3,94E-07	2,51E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,10E-08	3,84E-08	1,10E-06	7,09E-09	-6,91E-05
EP-marine	kg Ne	1,82E-03	1,89E-05	1,18E-04	1,96E-03	6,60E-05	2,11E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,52E-05	5,90E-06	5,48E-05	2,53E-06	-1,42E-03
EP-terrestrial	mol Ne	1,96E-02	2,09E-04	1,51E-03	2,13E-02	7,29E-04	2,36E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,67E-04	6,51E-05	6,34E-04	2,79E-05	-1,65E-02
POCP (“smog”) <sup>3)</sup>	kg NMVOCe	5,49E-03	6,71E-05	3,38E-04	5,90E-03	2,29E-04	6,38E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,59E-05	2,08E-05	1,74E-04	7,29E-06	-7,88E-03
ADP-minerals & metals <sup>4)</sup>	kg Sbe	1,74E-04	3,58E-08	5,89E-06	1,80E-04	1,13E-07	6,43E-08	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,68E-09	1,10E-08	2,75E-06	2,04E-09	-7,13E-05
ADP-fossil resources	MJ	3,34E+01	2,29E-01	2,30E+00	3,59E+01	7,27E-01	5,14E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,45E-02	7,05E-02	2,77E-01	1,09E-02	-1,42E+01
Water use <sup>5)</sup>	m <sup>3</sup> e depr.	2,06E-01	1,06E-03	3,69E-02	2,44E-01	3,24E-03	1,58E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,20E-04	3,15E-04	5,37E-03	1,03E-03	-3,69E-01

1) GWP = Global Warming Potential; 2) EP = Eutrophication potential. Required characterisation method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO<sub>4</sub>e; 3) POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; 4) ADP = Abiotic depletion potential; 5) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

## USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Renew. PER as energy <sup>6)</sup>	MJ	2,28E+00	2,98E-03	1,37E+00	3,65E+00	8,15E-03	8,86E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,54E-04	7,94E-04	4,91E-02	1,66E-04	-1,42E+00
Renew. PER as material	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,92E-01	4,92E-01	0,00E+00	-4,92E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-1,11E-02
Total use of renew. PER	MJ	2,28E+00	2,98E-03	1,86E+00	4,14E+00	8,15E-03	-4,03E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,54E-04	7,94E-04	4,91E-02	1,66E-04	-1,44E+00
Non-re. PER as energy	MJ	3,34E+01	2,29E-01	2,16E+00	3,58E+01	7,27E-01	5,13E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,45E-02	7,05E-02	2,77E-01	1,09E-02	-1,41E+01
Non-re. PER as material	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,28E-01	1,28E-01	0,00E+00	-1,28E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,25E-02
Total use of non-re. PER	MJ	3,34E+01	2,29E-01	2,29E+00	3,59E+01	7,27E-01	3,85E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,45E-02	7,05E-02	2,77E-01	1,09E-02	-1,41E+01
Secondary materials	kg	2,60E-02	6,51E-05	2,95E-02	5,56E-02	2,03E-04	6,01E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,74E-05	1,96E-05	3,08E-04	9,54E-06	8,68E-01
Renew. secondary fuels	MJ	2,56E-10	5,80E-07	1,34E-02	1,34E-02	2,02E-06	3,02E-07	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,70E-08	1,97E-07	1,60E-05	7,16E-08	-6,59E-03
Non-ren. secondary fuels	MJ	3,25E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,25E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Use of net fresh water	m <sup>3</sup>	1,48E-03	3,04E-05	8,64E-04	2,37E-03	9,36E-05	4,18E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,70E-06	9,13E-06	1,62E-04	1,11E-05	-5,68E-03

6) PER = Primary energy resources.

## END OF LIFE – WASTE

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	6,44E-02	2,47E-04	6,67E-03	7,13E-02	9,64E-04	1,79E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,96E-05	9,34E-05	1,88E-03	0,00E+00	-4,94E-01
Non-hazardous waste	kg	7,80E-02	4,29E-03	1,19E-01	2,01E-01	1,57E-02	1,50E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,19E-04	1,54E-03	6,01E-02	6,70E-02	-2,73E+00
Radioactive waste	kg	6,81E-04	1,58E-06	2,24E-05	7,05E-04	4,87E-06	3,71E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,13E-07	4,71E-07	1,62E-06	0,00E+00	-2,97E-06

### END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,90E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,30E-03	2,30E-03	0,00E+00	1,06E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,33E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for energy rec	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,50E-03	3,50E-03	0,00E+00	3,59E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

### ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – EN 15804+A1, CML / ISO 21930

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Global Warming Pot.	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	2,63E+00	1,49E-02	8,53E-02	2,73E+00	4,80E-02	2,74E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,27E-03	4,64E-03	2,01E-02	4,33E-02	-1,49E+00
Ozone depletion Pot.	kg CFC <sub>11</sub> e	2,07E-11	2,84E-09	3,91E-09	6,77E-09	8,83E-09	1,13E-09	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,60E-10	8,55E-10	2,04E-09	1,17E-10	-6,92E-08
Acidification	kg SO <sub>2</sub> e	5,83E-03	4,85E-05	3,81E-04	6,26E-03	1,76E-04	1,14E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,45E-05	1,54E-05	2,09E-04	4,48E-06	-5,63E-03
Eutrophication	kg PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3</sup> e	6,41E-04	1,08E-05	1,54E-04	8,05E-04	3,79E-05	9,59E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,69E-06	3,52E-06	6,92E-05	3,41E-06	-2,88E-03
POCP (“smog”)	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> e	5,72E-04	1,91E-06	2,28E-05	5,97E-04	6,62E-06	4,69E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,36E-07	6,03E-07	7,93E-06	1,48E-07	-8,65E-04
ADP-elements	kg Sbe	1,75E-04	3,48E-08	5,88E-06	1,81E-04	1,09E-07	6,39E-08	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,65E-09	1,07E-08	2,75E-06	1,72E-09	-7,13E-05
ADP-fossil	MJ	3,17E+01	2,29E-01	2,04E+00	3,40E+01	7,27E-01	5,13E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,45E-02	7,05E-02	2,77E-01	1,09E-02	-1,42E+01

## VERIFICATION STATEMENT

### VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with reference standard, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The digital background data for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? Read more online

This EPD has been generated by One Click LCA EPD generator, which has been verified and approved by the EPD Hub.

### THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of the data collected and used in the LCA calculations, the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out, the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and other additional environmental information, as present with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and reference standard.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

Imane Uald lamkaddam, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited  
05.12.2024

